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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NNING 10/01/03 MM/DD/	AND ENDING		MM/DD/YY		
	A. REGISTRA	NT IDENTIFICAT	TON			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:						
Curtiswood Capital, LLC			_	OFFIC	CIAL USE ONLY	Y
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (Do no	t use P.O. Box No.)		F	IRM ID. NO	
104 Woodmont Blvd., Suit 200	)					
		(No. and Street)				
Nashville,	TN	372	205			
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)			
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMB	ER OF PERSON TO CC	NTACT IN REGARD	TO THIS REP	ORT		
Scott R Nieboer			615-386-0	0231 Telephone No.)		
			(Area Code -	Telephone (vo.)		
	B. ACCOUNT	ANT IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ		DDACE	CCEN
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	NTANT whose opinion i	s contained in this Repo	ort*	2	DEC 29	2004
KraftCPAs, PLLC					THOMS	ON
	(Name - if indivi	lual, state last, first, middle name	2)		FINANC	IAL
555 Great Circle Rd. Nash		TN		37228		
CHECK ONE:  CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant  Accountant not residen		of its possessions	•	(Zip Code)		<del>-</del>
Accountant not reside		CIAL USE ONLY				122

\* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I, , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of as of , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows: NONE.
Signature  More Manager  Title
Notary Public
This report contains (check all applicable boxes):

(o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).b

# CURTISWOOD CAPITAL, LLC NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, FORM X-17A-5, PART III, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2004** 

# CURTISWOOD CAPITAL, LLC NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, FORM X-17A-5, PART III, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES, AND

# REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Executive Committee and Member Curtiswood Capital, LLC Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Curtiswood Capital, LLC (the "Company") as of September 30, 2004, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Curtiswood Capital, LLC at September 30, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Nashville, Tennessee November 3, 2004

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

# **ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 7,404
Deposits with clearing broker	3,601,505
Securities owned:  Marketable, at market value - Note 3	6 449 050
Not readily marketable, at estimated value - Note 3	6,448,950 11,600
Prepaid expenses and other assets	19,374
Furniture and equipment - at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$6,544	28,727
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,117,560
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
T X A DY YOYD G	
LIABLITIES  Provide to also in the language of the state	Ф. 5.100.27 <i>4</i>
Payable to clearing broker, net - Note 4	\$ 5,128,374
Marketable securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value - Notes 3 and 7 Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,170,866 134,271
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	134,271
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,433,511
	-,,
COMMITMENTS - Note 5	
MEMBER 10 FOUNDLY	
MEMBER'S EQUITY	3,684,049
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	¢ 10 117 560
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	\$ 10,117,560

# STATEMENT OF INCOME

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

REVENUES	
Trading income	\$ 1,634,328
Interest and dividend income	341,850
Commission income	426,623
TOTAL REVENUES	2,402,801
EXPENSES	
Floor brokerage, exchange, and clearance fees	343,668
Communication and data processing	125,112
Interest	105,184
Occupancy - Note 5	25,500
Other - Note 6	358,910
TOTAL EXPENSES	958,374
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	1,444,427
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	26,160
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 1,418,267</u>

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 3,485,782
Distribution to member Net income for the year	(1,220,000) 
BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,684,049

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 1,418,267
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	15,448
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	
Deposits with clearing broker	(802,139)
Marketable securities, at market value	1,404
Not readily marketable securities, at estimated fair value	9,020
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,707)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	
Payable to clearing broker	(356,077)
Marketable securities sold, not yet purchased	706,952
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(18,337)
Total Adjustments	(447,436)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	970,831
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Principal collections on demand note receivable from related party	75,000
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(11,107)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	63,893
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1.000.000)
Distribution to member	(1,220,000)
Distribution to memori	(1,220,000)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,220,000)

(continued on next page)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

NET DECREASE IN CASH	(185,276)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	192,680
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,404
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION  Cash payments for:	
Interest expense	\$ 105,184
Income taxes	\$ -

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Curtiswood Capital, LLC (the "Company") is a Tennessee limited liability company formed on April 19, 2002, as Delta Research & Trading, LLC ("Delta"), with a duration of 73 years. On June 19, 2002, Delta was renamed Curtiswood Capital, LLC. The Company is wholly-owned by Trace Partners, LP, a Nevada limited partnership.

The Company is an introducing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD"). The Company is located in Nashville, Tennessee.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of presentation

The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Fiscal year

The Company has adopted a September 30 fiscal reporting year for financial statement purposes. Tax returns are filed on a December 31 calendar year basis.

#### Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2004, the Company had no cash equivalents.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Deposits with clearing broker

The Company clears its proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer, Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. ("SAL") on a fully disclosed basis via a correspondent clearing agreement which expires on July 23, 2005. The Company has agreed to maintain a deposit account with SAL equal to or greater than the margin requirements on securities with a minimum balance of \$100,000.

#### Securities transactions

Gains and losses arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a settlement-date basis. All of the Company's trading activities are cleared by SAL Financial Services, Inc.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and any securities not readily marketable are valued at estimated fair value as determined by management.

#### Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment are reported at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed on an accelerated method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 5 to 7 years.

#### Trading income

Trading income is recorded as the difference between the acquisition cost of the security and the selling price or current fair market value and consists of realized and unrealized gains (losses).

#### Interest and dividend income

Interest income is recognized in the period earned. Dividend income is accrued and recognized as of the ex-dividend date.

#### Commission income

Commission income and related clearing expenses are recorded on a settlement-date basis as securities transactions occur.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interest expense

The Company may from time to time finance its security positions via a margin account with its clearing broker. The margin account bears interest at a current market rate that fluctuates daily.

#### <u>Taxes</u>

The Company is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Consequently, all federal tax effects of the Company's income, gains and losses are passed through to Trace Partners, LP, and the Company is only liable for state excise taxes based on the portion of its taxable income that is not self-employment income as provided under applicable state law.

#### Concentration of risk

The Company generally maintains cash and cash equivalents on deposit at banks in excess of federally insured amounts. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 105 identifies this condition as a concentration of credit risk requiring disclosure. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. In management's opinion, the risk is mitigated by use of high quality financial institutions. At September 30, 2004, there were no cash balances per bank in excess of insured limits.

There are multiple business risks associated with operating the Company. It trades with a limited number of counter-parties which include institutional money managers, national broker-dealers, regional broker-dealers and inter-dealer brokers. The value of some trades may be very large compared to the Company's capital. A counter-party's failure to pay for or deliver securities may result in significant losses to the Company due to changes in market value between the original transaction and a re-sale or re-purchase of the securities involved. The loss or reduction of trading volume with a counter-party may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

# NOTE 3 - SECURITIES OWNED AND SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED

Securities owned and sold, not yet purchased, consist of the following at September 30, 2004:

	Owned_	Sold, Not Yet Purchased
Corporate bonds, debentures and notes Corporate stocks	\$ 5,025,479 1,435,071	\$ 933,220 237,646
	\$ 6,460,550	\$ 1,170,866
Marketable securities owned, at market value Not readily marketable securities owned, at estimated value	\$ 6,448,950 11,600	\$ 1,170,866 
	\$ 6,460,550	\$ 1,170,866

#### NOTE 4 - PAYABLE TO CLEARING BROKER, NET

Amounts receivable from and payable to the Company's clearing broker, SAL, consist of the following at September 30, 2004:

Payable to clearing broker	\$ (5,556,203)
Receivable from clearing broker	335,523
Interest receivable from clearing broker	92,306
Payable to clearing broker, net	\$ (5,128,374)

The amount payable to the clearing broker is collateralized by the Company's deposits with the clearing broker and the securities owned by the Company.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

#### NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office space under an operating lease that expires April 30, 2007, and calls for escalating monthly lease payments plus additional fees for parking.

As of September 30, 2004, aggregate future rental payments required under the lease amounted to the following:

#### For the year ending September 30,

	Φ	00,500
	\$	66,566
2007		15,527
2007		1.5.505
2006		26,020
2005	\$	25,019

Total rent expense incurred under all operating leases for the year amounted to \$25,500.

#### NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As of September 30, 2003, the Company had a demand note receivable from a partner of an affiliated company. The note bore interest at the current rate charged by SAL Financial, Inc. (4.75% at September 30, 2003). The note was paid in full during fiscal year 2004. Interest earned of \$257 on the note was reported in interest income for the year.

Total salaries and benefits included in other expenses, that were applicable to partners of an affiliated company, amounted to \$100,000 for the year ended September 30, 2004.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

#### NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

The Company has sold securities that it does not currently own and, therefore, will be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The Company has recorded these obligations in the financial statements at September 30, 2004 at the current market values of the related securities and will incur a loss if the market value of the securities is higher at the purchase date.

#### NOTE 8 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to regulatory net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At September 30, 2004, the Company had regulatory net capital of \$2,390,391, which was \$2,290,391 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's percent of aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .06 to 1.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

# **COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL**

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

Net Capital  Total member's equity from the Statement of Financial Condition	\$ 3,684,049
Deductions and/or charges:	
Nonallowable assets from the Statement of Financial Condition:	02.206
Receivable from clearing broker	92,306
Not readily marketable securities owned, at estimated fair value	11,600
Prepaid expenses and other assets	19,374 28,727
Furniture and equipment, net	20,727
Total deductions and/or charges	152,007
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	3,532,042
Haircuts on securities:	
Trading and investment securities	967,364
Undue concentration	174,287
Total haircuts on securities	1,141,651
Net Capital	\$ 2,390,391
Aggregate Indebtedness:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 134,271
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 134,271</u>
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Net capital requirement	\$ 100,000
Excess net capital	\$ 2,290,391
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 2,376,963
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.06

# $\frac{\text{COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS}}{\text{PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3}}$

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

Curtiswood Capital, LLC is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the exemption provided in Section K(2)(ii) of the Rule.

# INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

Curtiswood Capital, LLC is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the exemption provided in Section K(2)(ii) of the Rule.

# RECONCILIATION, INCLUDING APPROPRIATE EXPLANATION, OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-3 AND THE COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF THE RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER EXHIBIT A OF RULE 15c3-3

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2004**

Reconciliation of the Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of September 30, 2004)

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited FOCUS report)	\$	2,420,390
Audit adjustment to record state excise and franchise tax liability		(29,999)
Net capital, per audited financial statements	<u>\$</u>	2,390,391

# RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE AUDITED AND UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION WITH RESPECT TO METHODS OF CONSOLIDATION

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2004** 

Not applicable.

# $\frac{\text{MATERIAL INADEQUACIES FOUND TO EXIST OR FOUND TO}}{\text{HAVE EXISTED}}$

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2004** 

None.



#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Executive Committee and Member Curtiswood Capital, LLC Nashville, Tennessee

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Curtiswood Capital, LLC (the "Company") for the year ended September 30, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2004 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Executive Committee and Member, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Nashville, Tennessee November 3, 2004

KraftCPAs PLLC